# TOWN OF BERWYN HEIGHTS

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# JUNE 30, 2017

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# **Independent Auditor's Report**

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Berwyn Heights, Maryland

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Berwyn Heights, Maryland, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Berwyn Heights, Maryland, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, there was a prior period accounting error pertaining to expenditures, resulting in an overstatement of previously reported equity. As a result, the Town has restated beginning Net Position by \$45,205 from \$4,088,357 to \$4,043,152 and beginning Fund Balance in the Public Safety Reserve Fund by \$45,205 from \$107,518 to \$62,313. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

# **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the pension-related supplementary information, and the budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 10, 44, and 45 through 46, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Berwyn Heights, Maryland's financial statements as a whole. The schedule of revenues – budget and actual general fund and the schedule of expenditures – budget and actual general fund on pages 47 through 55 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of revenues – budget and actual general fund and the schedule of expenditures – budget and actual general fund are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

October 26, 2017

Tinday & associates, LAC

The following information includes our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Town of Berwyn Heights and provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the Town's financial statements.

# Financial Highlights

- The Town's real property tax rate remained at \$0.53 per \$100 of assessed value. The Town's personal property tax rate remained at \$1.325 per \$100 of assessed value. For properties located in the Public Safety Taxing District, an additional \$0.10 per \$100 of assessed value for real property and an additional \$0.15 per \$100 of assessed value for personal property is also levied.
- The Town is entirely debt-free. The Town has dedicated reserves to finance capital purchases and projects, such as street and sidewalk construction, Town facility improvements, and vehicle and equipment purchases. Reserve transfers for this fiscal year include:
  - Infrastructure Improvement Reserve: \$224,182 (including funding from the Town and the State of Maryland through Highway User Revenue receipts)
  - Vehicle and Equipment Replacement Reserve: \$93,400
  - o Greenbelt Station Reserve: \$200,400
  - Cable Television Reserve: \$19,444
- Sources of revenue this fiscal year are the real property tax, personal property tax, income tax, intergovernmental grants, and Town-collected fees and fines. The State of Maryland Comptroller notified the Town it had been overpaid \$160,000 in income tax receipts from FY 2010-2014. The State General Assembly passed legislation not requiring the Town to repay this received overpayment, and the Governor signed the bill into law during the 2017 legislative session.
- Major projects funded this fiscal year include:
  - o Development of the Town's first Strategic Plan with Action Items.
  - $\circ\,$  Installation of new heating and air conditioning equipment at the Town Hall.
  - Completion of new VoIP telephone project in all Town facilities.
  - Purchase of armored vests for all Police Officers.
  - Upgraded street and traffic signs.

### **Using This Annual Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide statements that provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements report the Town's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds and individual parts.

#### **Reporting the Town as a Whole**

#### The Statement of the Net Position and the Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the Town's finances is, "Is the Town as a whole, better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities reports information about the Town as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps to answer this question. These statements include all assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report changes in the Town's net position. You can think of the Town's net position (the difference between assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows) as one way to measure the Town's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's roads to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the Town into two kinds of activity:

- Governmental Activity- All of the Town's basic services are reported here, including the police, general government, public works, fire, economic development, and recreation. Taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type Activity The Town currently has no business-type activities.

### **Reporting the Town's Most Significant Funds**

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the Town as a whole. The Town's government fund:

• Governmental funds- Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic service it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

#### The Town as a Whole

# **Governmental Activities**

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. The reason for this kind of format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the Town's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants. Some of the individual line item revenues reported for each function are:

General Government	Rental License Fees								
Public Safety	State Grants, Homeland Security Grant, and Vehicle Release Fees								
Public Works	Highway User Revenues, Stormwater Management Payment, and Landfill Rebate Charges								

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note that all taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted to a specific purpose.

# **Government-Wide Financial Information**

The following is selected information as of June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 for the years then ended.

Current assets\$ $2,727,350$ \$ $3,358,234$ Capital assets $2,395,635$ $2,252,848$ Total assets $5,122,985$ $5,611,082$ Deferred outflows $213,080$ $290,413$ Total assets and deferred outflows $5,336,065$ $5,901,495$ Current liabilities $207,359$ $166,280$ Long-term liabilities $979,447$ $1,089,271$ Total liabilities $1,186,806$ $1,255,551$ Deferred inflows $60,902$ $70,585$ Net position $00,902$ $70,585$ Net position $107,518$ $90,669$ Unrestricted $1,585,204$ $2,231,842$ Total net position $4,088,357$ $4,575,359$ Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position $5,336,065$ $5,901,495$ Program revenues $Charges for services$ $230,431$ $147,967$ Grants and contributions $166,110$ $331,426$ General revenues $1,672,236$ $1,826,458$ Total general revenues $ -$ Income taxes $378,382$ $368,093$ Property taxes $1,672,236$ $1,826,458$ Total government $653,012$ $571,500$ Public safety $761,625$ $790,977$ Code enforcement & van program $98,635$ $110,100$ Public safety $719,213$ $712,384$ Recreation $14,745$ $19,337$ Other $424,478$ $418,314$ Total expenses and transfers $2,671,708$ $2,622,612$ Charg		2016	2017
Total assets $5,122,985$ $5,611,082$ Deferred outflows $213,080$ $290,413$ Total assets and deferred outflows $5,336,065$ $5,901,495$ Current liabilities $207,359$ $166,280$ Long-term liabilities $207,359$ $166,280$ Long-term liabilities $1,186,806$ $1,255,551$ Deferred inflows $60,902$ $70,585$ Net position $1,86,806$ $1,255,551$ Net investment in capital assets $2,395,635$ $2,252,848$ Restricted $107,518$ $90,669$ Unrestricted $1,585,204$ $2,231,842$ Total net position $4,088,357$ $4,575,359$ Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position $5,336,065$ $5,901,495$ Program revenues $Charges for services$ $230,431$ $147,967$ Grants and contributions $166,110$ $331,426$ General revenues $1,672,236$ $1,826,458$ Total revenues $2,547,683$ $2,675,426$ Transfers $ -$ Total revenues and transfers $2,944,224$ $3,154,819$ Expenses $  -$ General government $653,012$ $571,500$ Public safety $761,625$ $790,977$ Code enforcement & van program $98,635$ $110,100$ Public works $719,213$ $712,384$ Recreation $14,745$ $19,337$ Other $424,478$ $418,314$ Total expenses and transfers $2,671,708$ $2,622,612$ Chan	Current assets	\$ 2,727,350	\$ 3,358,234
Deferred outflows213,080290,413Total assets and deferred outflows $5,336,065$ $5,901,495$ Current liabilities $207,359$ $166,280$ Long-term liabilities $979,447$ $1,089,271$ Total liabilities $979,447$ $1,089,271$ Total liabilities $1,186,806$ $1,255,551$ Deferred inflows $60,902$ $70,585$ Net position $00,022$ $70,585$ Net nvestment in capital assets $2,395,635$ $2,252,848$ Restricted $107,518$ $90,669$ Unrestricted $1,585,204$ $2,231,842$ Total net position $4,088,357$ $4,575,359$ Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position $5,336,065$ $5,901,495$ Program revenues $Charges$ for services $230,431$ $147,967$ Grants and contributions $166,110$ $331,426$ General revenues $1,672,236$ $1,826,458$ Total general revenues $2,547,683$ $2,675,426$ Transfers $ -$ Total revenues and transfers $2,944,224$ $3,154,819$ Expenses $ -$ General government $653,012$ $571,500$ Public safety $761,625$ $790,977$ Code enforcement & van program $98,635$ $110,100$ Public works $719,213$ $712,384$ Recreation $14,745$ $19,337$ Other $424,478$ $418,314$ Total expenses and transfers $2,671,708$ $2,622,612$ Change in net pos	Capital assets	2,395,635	2,252,848
Total assets and deferred outflows $5,336,065$ $5,901,495$ Current liabilities $207,359$ $166,280$ Long-term liabilities $979,447$ $1,089,271$ Total liabilities $1,186,806$ $1,255,551$ Deferred inflows $60,902$ $70,585$ Net position $60,902$ $70,585$ Net investment in capital assets $2,395,635$ $2,252,848$ Restricted $107,518$ $90,669$ Unrestricted $1,585,204$ $2,231,842$ Total net position $4,088,357$ $4,575,359$ Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position $5,336,065$ $5,901,495$ Program revenues $Charges for services$ $230,431$ $147,967$ Grants and contributions $166,110$ $331,426$ General revenues $1,672,236$ $1,826,458$ Total general revenues $2,547,683$ $2,675,426$ Transfers $ -$ Total revenues and transfers $2,944,224$ $3,154,819$ Expenses $761,625$ $790,977$ Code enforcement & van program $98,635$ $110,100$ Public safety $761,625$ $790,977$ Code enforcement & van program $98,635$ $110,100$ Public works $719,213$ $712,384$ Recreation $14,745$ $19,337$ Other $424,478$ $418,314$ Total expenses and transfers $2,671,708$ $2,622,612$ Charge in net position $272,516$ $532,207$ Net position, beginning of year - restated $3,815$	Total assets	5,122,985	5,611,082
Current liabilities207,359166,280Long-term liabilities979,4471,089,271Total liabilities1,186,8061,255,551Deferred inflows $60,902$ 70,585Net position $60,902$ 70,585Net investment in capital assets2,395,6352,252,848Restricted107,51890,669Unrestricted1,585,2042,231,842Total net position4,088,3574,575,359Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position5,336,0655,901,495Program revenues230,431147,967Charges for services230,431147,967Grants and contributions166,110331,426General revenues1,672,2361,826,458Total general revenues2,547,6832,675,426TransfersTotal revenues and transfers2,944,2243,154,819Expenses66neral government653,012571,500Public safety761,625790,977Code enforcement & van program98,635110,100Public works719,213712,384Recreation14,74519,337Other424,478418,31410tal expenses and transfers2,671,7082,622,612Change in net position272,516532,207Net position, beginning of year - restated3,815,8414,043,152	Deferred outflows	213,080	290,413
Long-term liabilities $979,447$ $1,089,271$ Total liabilities $1,186,806$ $1,255,551$ Deferred inflows $60,902$ $70,585$ Net position $60,902$ $70,585$ Net investment in capital assets $2,395,635$ $2,252,848$ Restricted $107,518$ $90,669$ Unrestricted $1,585,204$ $2,231,842$ Total net position $4,088,357$ $4,575,359$ Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position $5,336,065$ $5,901,495$ Program revenues $230,431$ $147,967$ Grants and contributions $166,110$ $331,426$ General revenues $378,382$ $368,093$ Property taxes $1,672,236$ $1,826,458$ Total general revenues $2,547,683$ $2,675,426$ Transfers $ -$ Total revenues and transfers $2,944,224$ $3,154,819$ Expenses $  -$ General government $653,012$ $571,500$ Public safety $761,625$ $790,977$ Code enforcement & van program $98,635$ $110,100$ Public works $719,213$ $712,384$ Recreation $14,745$ $19,337$ Other $424,478$ $418,314$ Total revenses and transfers $2,671,708$ $2,622,612$ Change in net position, beginning of year - restated $3,815,841$ $4,043,152$	Total assets and deferred outflows	5,336,065	5,901,495
Total liabilities1,186,8061,255,551Deferred inflows $60,902$ $70,585$ Net position $60,902$ $70,585$ Net investment in capital assets $2,395,635$ $2,252,848$ Restricted $107,518$ $90,669$ Unrestricted $1,585,204$ $2,231,842$ Total net position $4,088,357$ $4,575,359$ Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position $5,336,065$ $5,901,495$ Program revenues $230,431$ $147,967$ Grants and contributions $166,110$ $331,426$ General revenues $378,382$ $368,093$ Property taxes $1,672,236$ $1,826,458$ Total general revenues $2,547,683$ $2,675,426$ Transfers $ -$ Total revenues and transfers $2,944,224$ $3,154,819$ Expenses $653,012$ $571,500$ Public safety $761,625$ $790,977$ Code enforcement & van program $98,635$ $110,100$ Public works $719,213$ $712,384$ Recreation $14,745$ $19,337$ Other $424,478$ $418,314$ Total expenses and transfers $2,671,708$ $2,622,612$ Change in net position $272,516$ $532,207$ Net position, beginning of year - restated $3,815,841$ $4,043,152$	Current liabilities	207,359	166,280
Deferred inflows $60,902$ $70,585$ Net position	Long-term liabilities	979,447	1,089,271
Net position         Net investment in capital assets $2,395,635$ $2,252,848$ Restricted $107,518$ $90,669$ Unrestricted $1,585,204$ $2,231,842$ Total net position $4,088,357$ $4,575,359$ Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position $5,336,065$ $5,901,495$ Program revenues $230,431$ $147,967$ Grants and contributions $166,110$ $331,426$ General revenues $1,672,236$ $1,826,458$ Income taxes $378,382$ $368,093$ Property taxes $1,672,236$ $1,826,458$ Total general revenues $2,547,683$ $2,675,426$ Transfers $ -$ Total revenues and transfers $2,944,224$ $3,154,819$ Expenses $ -$ General government $653,012$ $571,500$ Public safety $761,625$ $790,977$ Code enforcement & van program $98,635$ $110,100$ Public works $719,213$ $712,384$ Recreation $14,745$ $19,337$	Total liabilities	1,186,806	1,255,551
Net investment in capital assets $2,395,635$ $2,252,848$ Restricted $107,518$ $90,669$ Unrestricted $1,585,204$ $2,231,842$ Total net position $4,088,357$ $4,575,359$ Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position $5,336,065$ $5,901,495$ Program revenues $230,431$ $147,967$ Grants and contributions $166,110$ $331,426$ General revenues $1,672,236$ $1,826,458$ Total general revenues $2,547,683$ $2,675,426$ Transfers $ -$ Total revenues and transfers $2,944,224$ $3,154,819$ Expenses $ -$ General government $653,012$ $571,500$ Public safety $761,625$ $790,977$ Code enforcement & van program $98,635$ $110,100$ Public works $719,213$ $712,384$ Recreation $14,745$ $19,337$ Other $424,478$ $418,314$ Total expenses and transfers $2,671,708$ $2,622,612$ Change in net position $272,516$ $532,207$ Net position, beginning of year - restated $3,815,841$ $4,043,152$	Deferred inflows	60,902	70,585
Restricted         107,518         90,669           Unrestricted         1,585,204         2,231,842           Total net position         4,088,357         4,575,359           Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position         5,336,065         5,901,495           Program revenues         230,431         147,967           Grants and contributions         166,110         331,426           General revenues         1         1672,236         1,826,458           Total general revenues         2,547,683         2,675,426           Transfers         -         -         -           Total revenues and transfers         2,944,224         3,154,819           Expenses         -         -         -           General government         653,012         571,500           Public safety         761,625         790,977           Code enforcement & van program         98,635         110,100           Public works         719,213         712,384           Recreation         14,745         19,337           Other         424,478         418,314           Total expenses and transfers         2,671,708         2,622,612           Change in net position         272,516         532,2	Net position		
Unrestricted $1,585,204$ $2,231,842$ Total net position $4,088,357$ $4,575,359$ Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position $5,336,065$ $5,901,495$ Program revenues $230,431$ $147,967$ Grants and contributions $166,110$ $331,426$ General revenues $1,672,236$ $1,826,458$ Total general revenues $1,672,236$ $1,826,458$ Total general revenues $2,547,683$ $2,675,426$ Transfers $ -$ Total revenues and transfers $2,944,224$ $3,154,819$ Expenses $ -$ General government $653,012$ $571,500$ Public safety $761,625$ $790,977$ Code enforcement & van program $98,635$ $110,100$ Public works $719,213$ $712,384$ Recreation $14,745$ $19,337$ Other $424,478$ $418,314$ Total expenses and transfers $2,671,708$ $2,622,612$ Change in net position $272,516$ $532,207$ Net position, beginning of year - restated $3,815,841$ $4,043,152$	Net investment in capital assets	2,395,635	2,252,848
Total net position $4,088,357$ $4,575,359$ Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position $5,336,065$ $5,901,495$ Program revenues $230,431$ $147,967$ Grants and contributions $166,110$ $331,426$ General revenues $166,110$ $331,426$ General revenues $1,672,236$ $1,826,458$ Total general revenues $2,547,683$ $2,675,426$ Transfers $ -$ Total revenues and transfers $2,944,224$ $3,154,819$ Expenses $ -$ General government $653,012$ $571,500$ Public safety $761,625$ $790,977$ Code enforcement & van program $98,635$ $110,100$ Public works $719,213$ $712,384$ Recreation $14,745$ $19,337$ Other $424,478$ $418,314$ Total expenses and transfers $2,671,708$ $2,622,612$ Change in net position $272,516$ $532,207$ Net position, beginning of year - restated $3,815,841$ $4,043,152$	Restricted	107,518	90,669
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position $5,336,065$ $5,901,495$ Program revenues $230,431$ $147,967$ Grants and contributions $166,110$ $331,426$ General revenues $166,110$ $331,426$ Income taxes $378,382$ $368,093$ Property taxes $1,672,236$ $1,826,458$ Total general revenues $2,547,683$ $2,675,426$ TransfersTotal revenues and transfers $2,944,224$ $3,154,819$ Expenses $653,012$ $571,500$ Public safety $761,625$ $790,977$ Code enforcement & van program $98,635$ $110,100$ Public works $719,213$ $712,384$ Recreation $14,745$ $19,337$ Other $424,478$ $418,314$ Total expenses and transfers $2,671,708$ $2,622,612$ Change in net position $272,516$ $532,207$ Net position, beginning of year - restated $3,815,841$ $4,043,152$	Unrestricted	1,585,204	2,231,842
Program revenues       230,431       147,967         Grants and contributions       166,110       331,426         General revenues       378,382       368,093         Income taxes       378,382       368,093         Property taxes       1,672,236       1,826,458         Total general revenues       2,547,683       2,675,426         Transfers       -       -         Total revenues and transfers       2,944,224       3,154,819         Expenses       -       -         General government       653,012       571,500         Public safety       761,625       790,977         Code enforcement & van program       98,635       110,100         Public works       719,213       712,384         Recreation       14,745       19,337         Other       424,478       418,314         Total expenses and transfers       2,671,708       2,622,612         Change in net position       272,516       532,207         Net position, beginning of year - restated       3,815,841       4,043,152	Total net position	4,088,357	4,575,359
Charges for services $230,431$ $147,967$ Grants and contributions $166,110$ $331,426$ General revenues $166,110$ $331,426$ Income taxes $378,382$ $368,093$ Property taxes $1,672,236$ $1,826,458$ Total general revenues $2,547,683$ $2,675,426$ TransfersTotal revenues and transfers $2,944,224$ $3,154,819$ ExpensesGeneral government $653,012$ $571,500$ Public safety $761,625$ $790,977$ Code enforcement & van program $98,635$ $110,100$ Public works $719,213$ $712,384$ Recreation $14,745$ $19,337$ Other $424,478$ $418,314$ Total expenses and transfers $2,671,708$ $2,622,612$ Change in net position $272,516$ $532,207$ Net position, beginning of year - restated $3,815,841$ $4,043,152$	Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	5,336,065	5,901,495
Grants and contributions       166,110       331,426         General revenues	Program revenues		
General revenues       378,382       368,093         Income taxes       378,382       368,093         Property taxes       1,672,236       1,826,458         Total general revenues       2,547,683       2,675,426         Transfers       -       -         Total revenues and transfers       2,944,224       3,154,819         Expenses       -       -         General government       653,012       571,500         Public safety       761,625       790,977         Code enforcement & van program       98,635       110,100         Public works       719,213       712,384         Recreation       14,745       19,337         Other       424,478       418,314         Total expenses and transfers       2,671,708       2,622,612         Change in net position       272,516       532,207         Net position, beginning of year - restated       3,815,841       4,043,152	Charges for services	230,431	147,967
Income taxes       378,382       368,093         Property taxes       1,672,236       1,826,458         Total general revenues       2,547,683       2,675,426         Transfers       -       -         Total revenues and transfers       2,944,224       3,154,819         Expenses       -       -         General government       653,012       571,500         Public safety       761,625       790,977         Code enforcement & van program       98,635       110,100         Public works       719,213       712,384         Recreation       14,745       19,337         Other       424,478       418,314         Total expenses and transfers       2,671,708       2,622,612         Change in net position       272,516       532,207         Net position, beginning of year - restated       3,815,841       4,043,152	Grants and contributions	166,110	331,426
Property taxes $1,672,236$ $1,826,458$ Total general revenues $2,547,683$ $2,675,426$ TransfersTotal revenues and transfers $2,944,224$ $3,154,819$ ExpensesGeneral government $653,012$ $571,500$ Public safety $761,625$ $790,977$ Code enforcement & van program $98,635$ $110,100$ Public works $719,213$ $712,384$ Recreation $14,745$ $19,337$ Other $424,478$ $418,314$ Total expenses and transfers $2,671,708$ $2,622,612$ Change in net position $272,516$ $532,207$ Net position, beginning of year - restated $3,815,841$ $4,043,152$	General revenues		
Total general revenues       2,547,683       2,675,426         Transfers       -       -         Total revenues and transfers       2,944,224       3,154,819         Expenses       -       -         General government       653,012       571,500         Public safety       761,625       790,977         Code enforcement & van program       98,635       110,100         Public works       719,213       712,384         Recreation       14,745       19,337         Other       424,478       418,314         Total expenses and transfers       2,671,708       2,622,612         Change in net position       272,516       532,207         Net position, beginning of year - restated       3,815,841       4,043,152	Income taxes	378,382	368,093
Transfers       -       -         Total revenues and transfers       2,944,224       3,154,819         Expenses       653,012       571,500         Public safety       761,625       790,977         Code enforcement & van program       98,635       110,100         Public works       719,213       712,384         Recreation       14,745       19,337         Other       424,478       418,314         Total expenses and transfers       2,671,708       2,622,612         Change in net position       272,516       532,207         Net position, beginning of year - restated       3,815,841       4,043,152	Property taxes	1,672,236	1,826,458
Total revenues and transfers2,944,2243,154,819Expenses653,012571,500Public safety761,625790,977Code enforcement & van program98,635110,100Public works719,213712,384Recreation14,74519,337Other424,478418,314Total expenses and transfers2,671,7082,622,612Change in net position272,516532,207Net position, beginning of year - restated3,815,8414,043,152	Total general revenues	2,547,683	2,675,426
ExpensesGeneral government653,012571,500Public safety761,625790,977Code enforcement & van program98,635110,100Public works719,213712,384Recreation14,74519,337Other424,478418,314Total expenses and transfers2,671,7082,622,612Change in net position272,516532,207Net position, beginning of year - restated3,815,8414,043,152	Transfers	-	-
General government653,012571,500Public safety761,625790,977Code enforcement & van program98,635110,100Public works719,213712,384Recreation14,74519,337Other424,478418,314Total expenses and transfers2,671,7082,622,612Change in net position272,516532,207Net position, beginning of year - restated3,815,8414,043,152	Total revenues and transfers	2,944,224	3,154,819
Public safety761,625790,977Code enforcement & van program98,635110,100Public works719,213712,384Recreation14,74519,337Other424,478418,314Total expenses and transfers2,671,7082,622,612Change in net position272,516532,207Net position, beginning of year - restated3,815,8414,043,152	Expenses		
Code enforcement & van program98,635110,100Public works719,213712,384Recreation14,74519,337Other424,478418,314Total expenses and transfers2,671,7082,622,612Change in net position272,516532,207Net position, beginning of year - restated3,815,8414,043,152	General government	653,012	571,500
Public works719,213712,384Recreation14,74519,337Other424,478418,314Total expenses and transfers2,671,7082,622,612Change in net position272,516532,207Net position, beginning of year - restated3,815,8414,043,152	•	761,625	790,977
Recreation14,74519,337Other424,478418,314Total expenses and transfers2,671,7082,622,612Change in net position272,516532,207Net position, beginning of year - restated3,815,8414,043,152	Code enforcement & van program	98,635	
Other424,478418,314Total expenses and transfers2,671,7082,622,612Change in net position272,516532,207Net position, beginning of year - restated3,815,8414,043,152	Public works	719,213	712,384
Total expenses and transfers       2,671,708       2,622,612         Change in net position       272,516       532,207         Net position, beginning of year - restated       3,815,841       4,043,152	Recreation	14,745	19,337
Change in net position272,516532,207Net position, beginning of year - restated3,815,8414,043,152	Other	424,478	418,314
Net position, beginning of year - restated3,815,8414,043,152	1	2,671,708	
		272,516	532,207
Net position, end of year         4,088,357         4,575,359	Net position, beginning of year - restated	3,815,841	4,043,152
	Net position, end of year	4,088,357	4,575,359

# **Business-type Activities**

The Town currently has no business-type activities.

# The Town' Funds

The following schedule presents a summary of revenues and expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

				]	Increase	
	FY2017	Percent		(Decrease		
	 Amount	of Total	From FY16			
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 2,181,296	73%	\$		121,082	
Intergovernmental	322,047	11%			165,345	
Charges for services	1,051	0%			834	
Fines, licenses and permits	206,392	7%			(2,736)	
Interest income	14,593	0%			(1,869)	
Miscellaneous	278,935	9%			(7,047)	
Total Revenues	\$ 3,004,314	100%	\$		275,609	
Expenditures						
General government	\$ 407,038	17%	\$		(29,288)	
Public safety	652,052	28%			30,342	
Code enforcement & van program	109,091	5%			11,465	
Public works	652,510	28%			19,757	
Recreation	19,337	1%			4,592	
Other	413,094	18%			(6,159)	
Capital outlays	 73,685	3%			(433,450)	
Total Expenditures	\$ 2,326,807	100%	\$		(402,741)	

The above table does not include funds transferred to or from dedicated reserve funds or from the Unassigned portion of the Fund Balances.

# **Budgetary Highlights**

The Fiscal Year 2017 budgeted revenues were approved at \$3,020,759 which is \$69,145 less than Fiscal Year 2016. Expenditures were also approved at \$3,013,359 and were \$76,545 less than Fiscal Year 2016 due to fewer expenses associated with capital projects and purchases in Fiscal Year 2017.

# **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

# **Capital Assets**

The major capital projects and purchases this year include:

- Development of the Town's first Strategic Plan with Action Items.
- Installation of new heating and air conditioning equipment at the Town Hall.
- Completion of new VoIP telephone project in all Town facilities.
- Purchase of armored vests for all Police Officers.
- Upgraded street and traffic signs.
- Funding of a new Police patrol vehicle after the other was rendered unusable from a collision.
- Software and hardware to live stream Town Council Meetings and Work Sessions over the internet.

# Debt

The Town is debt free.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates**

Fiscal Year 2017 marks the beginning of the Town's triennial real property assessment cycle with an approximate 7% increase in assessed residential real property values. Real property assessments are conducted every three years. The Town expects to see revenue from property tax collection increase in Fiscal Year 2018 due to property assessments beginning to recover from declines brought about by the recent economic downturn.

The State Comptroller had alerted the Town to the income tax overpayment during the FY 2018 budget discussions. As a result, the Town budgeted income tax revenue to decrease in the FY 2018 budget.

#### **Contacting the Town's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town Administrator at 5700 Berwyn Road, Berwyn Heights, Maryland 20740.

#### TOWN OF BERWYN HEIGHTS, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

		overnmental Activities	Total				
ASSETS		Activities		Total			
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$	3,119,613	\$	3,119,613			
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	φ	76,771	φ	76,771			
Amounts due from other governments		20,564		20,564			
Accounts receivable - income taxes		20,304 75,770		75,770			
Other receivables		57,452		57,452			
Prepaid expenses		8,064		8,064			
Total Current Assets		3,358,234		3,358,234			
Noncurrent Assets							
Net capital assets		2,252,848		2,252,848			
Total Noncurrent Assets		2,252,848		2,252,848			
		· · · · ·		, ,			
TOTAL ASSETS		5,611,082		5,611,082			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		290,413		290,413			
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES	\$	5,901,495	\$	5,901,495			
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	66,064	\$	66,064			
Amounts held in escrow and deposit		51,253		51,253			
Other current liabilities		48,963		48,963			
Total Current Liabilities		166,280		166,280			
Noncurrent Liabilities							
Compensated absences		27,144		27,144			
Net pension liability		1,062,127		1,062,127			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,089,271		1,089,271			
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,255,551		1,255,551			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		70,585		70,585			
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		2,252,848		2,252,848			
Restricted		2,232,640 90,669		90,669			
Unrestricted		2,231,842		2,231,842			
TOTAL NET POSITION		4,575,359		4,575,359			
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF							
RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	5,901,495	\$	5,901,495			

#### TOWN OF BERWYN HEIGHTS, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

			-			Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Changes in I	Net Po	osition			
	Expenses		Indirect Expense Allocation		Charges for		Operating Grants and		Capital Grants and Contributions		and		Go	Primary Go vernmental	overn	ment
Functions/Programs					S	Services Contributions Contributions		Contributions					S Contributions		A	Activities
Primary Government																
Governmental Activities:																
General government	\$	571,500	\$	92,029	\$	15,239	\$	9,379	\$	-	\$	(638,911)	\$	(638,911)		
Public safety		790,977		175,692		123,408		53,497		-		(789,764)		(789,764)		
Code enforcement and van program		110,100		33,465		6,867		-		-		(136,698)		(136,698)		
Public works		712,384		117,128		2,453		268,550		-		(558,509)		(558,509)		
Recreation		19,337		-		-		-		-		(19,337)		(19,337)		
Other		418,314		(418,314)		-		-		-		-		-		
Total Governmental Activities		2,622,612		-		147,967		331,426		-		(2,143,219)		(2,143,219)		
Total Primary Government	\$	2,622,612	\$	-	\$	147,967	\$	331,426	\$	-	\$	(2,143,219)	\$	(2,143,219)		

General revenues:		
Taxes		
Income taxes	368,093	368,093
Property taxes	1,826,458	1,826,458
Other taxes	72,170	72,170
Licenses and permits	141,203	141,203
Grants and contributions	25,388	25,388
Interest and investment earnings	14,593	14,593
Miscellaneous	227,521	227,521
Total General Revenues	2,675,426	2,675,426
Change in Net Position	532,207	532,207
Net Position, beginning of year - restated	4,043,152	4,043,152
Net Position, end of year	\$ 4,575,359	\$ 4,575,359

#### TOWN OF BERWYN HEIGHTS, MARYLAND BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

#### RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2017

	General Fund	Public Safety Taxing District (Non-major Fund)	Public Safety Reserve Fund	Total Governmental Funds	JUNE 30, 2017	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Amounts due from other governments Amounts due from other funds Accounts receivable - income taxes Other receivables Prepaid expenses	\$ 3,119,613 20,564 9,020 75,770 35,983 8,064	\$ 31,093 21,469	\$ - 76,771 13,898 - -	\$ 3,119,613 76,771 20,564 54,011 75,770 57,452 8,064	Total Governmental Fund Balances       \$ 3,110         Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.       2,252         Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and compensated absences are not due and payable in the       2,252	6,184 2,848
TOTAL ASSETS	3,269,014	52,562	90,669	3,412,245	current period and therefore are not reported in	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	_	_	_	the funds. (1,08)	9,271)
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 3,269,014	\$ 52,562	\$ 90,669	\$ 3,412,245		0,585)
LIABILITIES					Deferred inflows of resources pertaining to net pension liability are not reported in the funds. 290	0,413
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Amounts held in escrow and deposit Amounts due to other funds Other current liabilities	\$ 59,141 51,253 44,991 48,963	\$ 6,923 9,020	\$ - - - -	\$ 66,064 51,253 54,011 48,963	Receivables pertaining to revenue that is not available in accordance with modififed accural accounting are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds. 7:	5,770
TOTAL LIABILITIES	204,348	15,943		220,291	Net Position of Governmental Activities         \$ 4,57	5,359
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	75,770	<u> </u>	- <u>-</u>	75,770		
FUND BALANCES Non-spendable Restricted Committed Dedicated - operating reserve Dedicated - infrastructure improvement reserve Dedicated - infrastructure improvement reserve Dedicated - public safety reserve Dedicated - cable TV - capital outlay Dedicated - cable TV - capital outlay Dedicated - NW/EP trailer reserve Dedicated - vehicle reserve Dedicated - vehicle equipment replacement reserve Dedicated - vehicle equipment replacement reserve Dedicated - vehicle equipment replacement reserve Dedicated - greenbelt station impact fee reserve Unassigned	8,064 - 442,000 976,702 - 114,553 8,493 10,000 252,477 531,300 645,307 2,988,896	36,619 	90,669 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	$\begin{array}{r} 8,064\\ 90,669\\ 442,000\\ 976,702\\ 36,619\\ 114,553\\ 8,493\\ 10,000\\ 252,477\\ 531,300\\ 645,307\\ \hline 3,116,184\\ \end{array}$		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 3,269,014	\$ 52,562	\$ 90,669	\$ 3,412,245		

#### TOWN OF BERWYN HEIGHTS, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

\$

723,557

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

	 General Fund	Public Safety Taxing District Public Safety (Non-major Fund) Reserve Fund			Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 2,181,296	\$	91,814	\$	-	\$	2,273,110
Intergovernmental	322,047		-		-		322,047
Charges for services	1,051		-		-		1,051
Fines, licenses, permits	206,392		-		65,080		271,472
Interest income	14,593		-		-		14,593
Miscellaneous	278,935		-		-		278,935
Total Revenues	 3,004,314		91,814		65,080		3,161,208
EXPENDITURES							
Current Operations							
General government	407,038		-		-		407,038
Public safety	652,052		68,900		36,724		757,676
Code enforcement and van program	109,091		-		-		109,091
Public works	652,510		-		-		652,510
Recreation	19,337		-		-		19,337
Other	413,094		5,220		-		418,314
Capital projects	73,685		-		-		73,685
Total Expenditures	 2,326,807		74,120		36,724		2,437,651
Excess of revenues over (under)							
expenditures and other financing uses	 677,507		17,694		28,356		723,557
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in (out)	-		-		-		-
Proceeds from long-term debt	 -		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 		-				
Excess of revenue and other financing sources over (under) expenditures							
and other financing uses	677,507		17,694		28,356		723,557
Fund balance, beginning of year - restated	 2,311,389		18,925		62,313		2,392,627
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,988,896	\$	36,619	\$	90,669	\$	3,116,184

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. (142,787)Changes in deferred inflows of resources pertaining to state income taxes do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenue in the funds. (6,389) Differences between accrual and modified accrual in accounting for compensated absences. 11,504 Pension expense pertaining to the net pension liability is not reported in the funds. (53, 678)Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities 532,207

# TOWN OF BERWYN HEIGHTS, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF FIDICUARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -
Investments, at fair value	421,804
Loan receivable	23,108
Total assets	 444,912
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 -
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	-
Total liabilities	 -
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 -
NET POSITION	
Held in trust for pension benefits	444,912
Total net position	\$ 444,912

# TOWN OF BERWYN HEIGHTS, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

# ADDITIONS

Contributions	
Employer	\$-
Plan member	8,158
Total contributions	8,158
Investment Income	
Net increase in fair value of investments	-
Interest	24,093
Net investment income	24,093
Total additions	32,251
DEDUCTIONS	
Distributions	(9,244)
Administrative expenses	(375)
	(9,619)
Net increase	22,632
Net position held in trust for pension benefits, beginning of year	422,280
Net position held in trust for pension benefits, end of year	\$ 444,912

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Financial Reporting Entity**

The Town of Berwyn Heights, Maryland is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and an elected town council and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: police and code enforcement, public works, recreation and cultural, and general administrative. Its major sources of revenues are derived from real estate taxes, income taxes, personal property taxes, highway user revenues and user fees.

The accounting policies of the Town of Berwyn Heights conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

In evaluating how to define the Town of Berwyn Heights, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the Town are financially accountable and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the Town's financial statements to be misleading. Based upon the application of criteria set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, there are no separate component units of the Town.

#### **Basis of Presentation – Fund Accounting**

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

The Town's funds are grouped into two broad fund categories.

Governmental funds include the General Fund, the Public Safety Taxing District and the Public Safety Reserve Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Public Safety Taxing District is used to account for the funding of public safety activities, and acquisition of Public Safety Capital Assets. The Public Safety Reserve Fund is used to account for the Town's revenue from speed cameras and the associated administration costs and public safety projects.

The Town currently has one Fiduciary Fund. The Pension Trust Fund is used to account for defined contribution plan assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity. This fund is accounted for and reported in a manner similar to proprietary funds since capital maintenance is critical.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Town, the primary government, as a whole. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The Town has no business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting including the reclassification or elimination of internal activity (between or within funds). This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Town, if any, and for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect costs are allocated to programs. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Town. Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, if any, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Town. The focus of governmental and enterprise financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds, if any, are aggregated and presented in a single column.

### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued**

### **Governmental Funds**

Town activities pertaining to general government, public safety, public works, recreation, and culture are reported in the governmental funds. All governmental funds are accounted for using modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. The major governmental funds are:

- <u>General Fund</u> This is the Town's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- <u>Public Safety Reserve Fund</u> The Public Safety Reserve Fund is used to account for the Town's revenue from speed cameras and the associated administration costs and public safety projects.

The Town's only non-major fund is the Public Safety Taxing District. The purpose of this fund is to account for the funding of public safety activities and acquisition of public safety capital assets.

# Fiduciary Fund – Pension Trust Fund

The Town currently has one Fiduciary Fund. The Pension Trust Fund is used to account for defined contribution plan assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity. This fund is accounted for and reported in a manner similar to proprietary funds since capital maintenance is critical.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available (i.e. collectible within the current year or within two months of year-end and available to pay obligations of the current period). These include property taxes, franchise taxes, investment earnings, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues.

Some revenues, though measurable, are not available soon enough in the subsequent year to finance current period obligations. Therefore, some revenues are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources.

#### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued**

Other revenues, including licenses and permits, certain charges for services, and miscellaneous revenues, are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

#### **Expenditure Recognition**

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, which has not matured, are recognized when paid.

Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, excluding investments in the State of Maryland Local Government Investment Pool.

#### Investments

Investments held at June 30, 2017 with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables at June 30, 2017 consist of income tax, property tax and highway user revenue. Receivables are deemed collectible in full, and the allowance for doubtful accounts at June 30, 2017 is \$0.

#### **Inventory of Supplies**

Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental type funds and expenses in the proprietary type funds, if any, when used.

### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued**

### **Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources**

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Likewise, a deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

As of June 30, 2017 the balance of deferred inflows of resources per the fund financial statements consisted of income taxes of \$75,770, and the balance of deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements consisted of \$290,413 pertaining to pension payments.

#### Local Tax Reserve Fund

At June 30, 2017, the Town was advised by the State of Maryland that \$75,770 of the Local Tax Reserve Fund was allocable to the Town. The Town recorded receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the amount of \$75,770 in the fund financial statements. The change in this amount has been reflected as income tax revenue in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with full accrual accounting.

# **Capital Assets and Depreciation**

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Town as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. Infrastructure such as bridges, roads, curbs and gutters, streets, sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems are capitalized. The valuation bases for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recognized if they are identifiable, and are amortized over their useful lives if they do not have indefinite lives.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 15 to 50 years: improvements/infrastructure, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 20 years.

#### **Restricted Reserves**

The Town uses restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

#### Interest Expense

Interest is expensed as incurred except when interest is incurred during the construction period and is capitalized as part of the cost of the asset.

#### **Compensated Absences**

It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. No liability is reported for unpaid accumulated sick leave. The total amount of accumulated vacation leave at June 30, 2017 is \$27,144.

#### **Estimates**

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities and the reported revenues, expenditures, and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

#### **Equity Classifications**

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

*Net investment in capital assets* – Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings, and reduced or increased by deferred inflows and outflows attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

*Restricted net position* – Consists of net position with constraints placed on its use either by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation and are reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those constraints.

*Unrestricted net position* – all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

#### **Governmental Fund Balances**

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- 1. Non-Spendable Fund Balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- 2. Restricted Fund Balance amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of restrictions imposed externally by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by the Town Charter, Town Code or enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed Fund Balance amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by Town Council, the Town's highest level of decision-making authority, ordinance or resolution.
- 4. Assigned Fund Balance amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent that they will be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Pursuant to the Town Charter, the Town Administrator/CFO and the Town council are authorized to assign amounts for specific purposes.
- 5. Unassigned Fund Balance all amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The Town considers restricted fund balances to be spent for governmental expenditures first when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available. The Town also considers committed fund balances to spend first when other unrestricted fund balance classifications are available for use.

There was a prior period accounting error pertaining to expenditures, resulting in an overstatement of previously reported equity. As a result, the Town has restated beginning Net Position by \$45,205 from \$4,088,357 to \$4,043,152 and beginning Fund Balance in the Public Safety Reserve Fund by \$45,205 from \$107,518 to \$62,313.

# NOTE 2 – COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budget Requirements, Accounting, and Reporting**

#### **Requirements for all funds:**

Annual budgets are adopted for all Town funds. The Town Council may subsequently amend the budget and the budget was amended during fiscal year 2017. For day-to-day management control, expenditures may not exceed total budget of the major activity. The Town prepares an annual operating budget on a basis not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

# NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

# **Deposit Policies**

Statutes authorize the Town to invest in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, passbooks, banker's acceptance, and other available bank investments provided that approved securities are pledged to secure those funds deposited in an amount equal to the amount of those funds. In addition, the Town can invest in direct debt securities of the United States unless such an investment is expressly prohibited by law and can invest in the State of Maryland Local Government Investment Pool.

The Town's deposits are insured or collateralized with securities held by the Town, its agent, or by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Town.

# **Deposits**

**Custodial credit risk** for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned or the Town will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The Town's policy requires deposits to be insured by FDIC.

At year-end, the carrying amounts of the Town's deposits were \$3,196,184 and the bank balances totaled \$3,230,969. Of the bank balances, the entire amount was either insured by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC), or balances exceeding FDIC limits are secured by a surety bond or collateral valued 102 percent of principal and accrued interest. Collateral is to be held by the Town, its agent, or by the pledging institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Town. At year end, the Town's bank balances were not exposed to any custodial credit risk because all deposits were fully collateralized.

# **Investment Policies**

**Credit Risk** is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk.

**Interest Rate Risk** is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The Town's policy provides that to the extent practicable, investments are matched with anticipated cash flows.

# NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS – continued

**Concentration of Credit Risk** is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Town's investment in a single issuer. The Town's policy is to not concentrate investments in a single issuer.

For investments, **custodial credit risk** is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. Town policy provides that investment collateral is held by a third party custodian with whom the Town has a current custodial agreement in the Town's name.

Generally, the Town's investing activities are managed by the Town Administrator. Investing is performed in accordance with investment policies adopted by the Town Council complying with State Statutes and the Town Charter. Town funds may be invested in: 1) U.S. Treasury obligations; 2) U.S. Government Agency and U.S. Government-sponsored instrumentalities; 3) Repurchase agreements (master repurchase agreement required); 4) Collateralized certificates of deposit (only Maryland commercial banks); and 5) Maryland Local Government Investment Pool.

#### Investments

The Town has invested at June 30, 2017, \$0 in the State of Maryland Local Government Investment Pool (MLGIP). The pool is under the administrative control of the State's Treasurer's Office. The Town's investments are shown by type, carrying amount, fair value, cost and level of risk assumed in holding the various accounts. Investments are carried at cost which approximates market. The fair value of MLGIP investments is determined daily. PNC Institutional Investments (formerly Mercantile-Safe Deposit and Trust Company) is currently contracted to operate the Pool and may invest in any instrument permitted by Section 6-222 of the State Finance and Procurement Article. The Town's fair value position in the Pool is the same as the value of pool share.

In addition, there was \$0 invested in certificates of deposits and \$0 invested in money market accounts, all of which were covered by FDIC or by pledged collateral held in the Town's name.

# **NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - continued**

As of June 30, 2017, the Town had the following investments:

Types of Investments	Fair Value/ Carrying Amount			Cost	Average Credit Quality/ Ratings
Pension Investments					
Mutual funds	\$	421,804	\$	421,804	N/A

Note: Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated Credit Risk. N/A indicates not applicable.

# **NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAX**

Real and personal property taxes are levied at rates enacted by the Mayor and Town Council in the annual budget on the assessed value as determined by the Maryland State Department of Assessments and Taxation. The tax rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 was \$0.53 and \$1.365 per \$100 of assessed value for real and personal property, respectively.

The real property tax rate for the Public Safety taxing District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 was \$.10 per \$100 of assessed value for real property and \$.15 per \$100 of assessed value for personal property.

In fiscal year 2012, the Town introduced a Road Repair levy to overlay and reconstruct Town streets. The special levy was \$.03 per \$100 of assessed value for real property and \$.075 per \$100 of assessed value for personal property. The Town continued the special Road Repair levy at the same rates for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Real estate taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable by September 30 of the same year. If the property is a residential owner-occupied property, and the owner pays at least half of the tax bill by September 30, and the remaining balance by December 31, there is no penalty or interest. This is by state law. If the property owner does not pay at least half of the tax bill by September 30, then they will pay penalty and interest starting October 1. If the tax bill is not paid in full by December 31, the property owner is subject to penalty and interest starting January 1.

If the property is a residential non-owner occupied property, then the real property tax bill must be paid in full on or before September 30. The same holds true for commercial and industrial properties.

If the taxes remain unpaid the property is placed with Prince George's County for tax sale the following May.

Personal property taxes are levied throughout the year when the assessment is received from the State of Maryland. The taxes are payable within 30 days after levy. Penalties and interest are charged on any unpaid taxes after the thirty days has expired.

# NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning			D	Ending			
		Balance	Increases		Decreases		Balance	
Governmental Activities:								
Not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	702,278	\$ -	9	\$-	\$	702,278	
Construction in progress		-	-		-		-	
Subtotal		702,278	-		-		702,278	
Depreciable capital assets:								
Buildings and improvements		2,628,757	32,8	06	-		2,661,563	
Machinery and equipment		2,525,017	40,8	79	-		2,565,896	
Subtotal		5,153,774	73,6	85	-		5,227,459	
Total capital assets		5,856,052	73,6	85	-		5,929,737	
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements		1,393,931	85,2	16	-		1,479,147	
Machinery and equipment		2,066,486	131,2	56	-		2,197,742	
Subtotal, accumulated depreciation		3,460,417	216,4	72	-		3,676,889	
Net capital assets	\$	2,395,635	\$ (142,7	87) S	\$-	\$	2,252,848	

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Government activities:	
General government	\$ 112,942
Public works	68,958
Public safety	 34,572
Total government activities depreciation expense	\$ 216,472
5	\$ ,

The Town has no material construction commitments as of June 30, 2017.

# NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN

The Town participates in the Maryland State Pension System (the "System") described below and qualifies as a Participating Governmental Unit ("PGU"). The State Retirement Agency (the "Agency") is the Plan administrator and fiduciary. GASB No. 68 requires that a PGU recognize its proportionate share of the System's net pension liability (i.e., unfunded pension liability) and pension expense. The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is based on total System contributions and approximates \$1,062,127 as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

The Town has also adopted GASB No. 71 – Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB No. 68. GASB No. 71 requires that contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date be recognized as a deferred outflow of resources. The Town's fiscal 2017 contribution of \$80,263 is therefore recognized as a pension-related deferred outflow of resources.

# A. Description of Plan

The Town of Berwyn Heights entered into the Employees Contributory Pension System of the State Retirement and Pension Systems of Maryland as of July 1, 2008. The Town's actuarial accrued liability to enter into the system was calculated based on the 22 current employees at June 30, 2008 for 33 1/3 % of past service. The Town's actuarial accrued liability to enter into the system was \$131,185, either to be amortized over the next 25 years with level payments or paid in full. The Town elected to pay in full.

Under the terms of the Contributory Pension System, a member may retire after 30 years of service regardless of age; at age 65 with two years of service; at age 64 with three years of service; at age 63 with four years of service; or at age 62 with at least 5 years of service. An employee may also take an early retirement with reduced benefits at age 55 with 15 years of service. A member terminating employment before attaining retirement age, but after completing five years of eligible service, becomes eligible for a vested pension allowance upon reaching age 62 except those employees hired after July 1, 2011 require ten years of eligible service to vest.

On retirement from service, a member of the plan shall receive an annual service retirement allowance based on the member's average final compensation and years of creditable service multiplied by a factor. The factor varies from 1.2% to 2.6% per eligible service year, depending on employee/employer contributions and other plan-specific provisions. Early retirement, where available, is subject to provisions that reduce the benefits received.

Benefits under the plan are established under the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland.

### **NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN – continued**

The Maryland State Retirement Agency issues a comprehensive annual financial report that includes disclosures regarding: plan assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position. The pension plans' fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis used by the pension plans. The pension plans' financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and are prepared in accordance with principles generally accepted in the United States of America that apply to governmental accounting for fiduciary funds. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Actual employer contributions billed to Investments are reported at fair value. participating governmental units for the year ending June 30, 2016 are used as the basis for determining each employer's proportionate share of the collective pension amounts reported in the Schedule of Employer Allocations. The contributions were adjusted by increasing contributions by approximately \$77,000,000 to adjust for differences between actuarially determined contributions and actual contributions by the State of Maryland. This report can be obtained from the agency's office as follows:

State Retirement and Pension Systems of Maryland 120 E. Baltimore Street, Suite 1601 Baltimore Maryland, 21202-1600

### Funding Policy

Obligations to contribute to the plans are under the Annotated Code of Maryland. Members of the pension plan contribute 7% of annual compensation during employment. The required contribution rate is determined on an actuarially determined basis. During the year ended June 30, 2017 the Town contributed \$80,263. The Town contributed 100% of its required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2017. For members of the pension plan, full service pension allowances equal 2% of average final compensation (AFC) up to a maximum benefit of 60% of AFC (30 years of credit).

#### **NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN – continued**

Required contributions not funded by employee contributions are funded by the Town. The contributions by the Town to the State Plan for the current fiscal year takes place before December 31 and are based on the annualized gross base hourly rate in effect on June 30 of the preceding fiscal year. The Town contribution for the year ending June 30, 2017 was based on the annualized gross hourly rate in effect on June 30, 2016. Required employee contribution under the plan was 5% of the employee's gross base salary, excluding holiday, overtime and shift differential pay for fiscal year 2011 and is 7 percent for each fiscal year thereafter. The contribution requirements of plan members of the reporting entity are established and may be amended by the Maryland State Pension System Board of Trustees. The required and actual Town contributions for the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30			
	2017	2016	2015	
Retirement plan contributions	\$ 80,263	\$ 88,420	\$ 95,418	

The Town contributed \$80,263 to the System for fiscal year 2017 which was actuarially determined based on statutory provisions. The Town has also recognized in Pension Expense its proportionate share of the System's deferred inflows of resources (an increase in Pension Expense) attributable to the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan assets and its proportionate share of the System's deferred outflows of resources (a decrease in Pension Expense) attributable to changes in assumptions.

# **NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN – continued**

Required disclosures aggregate for the plan:

	Mary	land State Pension System
Total pension liability	\$	68,959,954,000
Total fiduciary net position	\$	45,365,927,000
Town's proportionate share of total pension liabilities		1,062,127
Town's proportionate share of net pension liabilities		0.00450%
Total pension assets	\$	45,365,927,000
Measurement date of collective net pension liability		June 30, 2016
Date of actuarial valuation		June 30, 2016
Deferred outflows related to pensions		290,413
Deferred inflows related to pensions		70,585
Pension expense/expenditures for the period		53,678

# Actuarial assumptions

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the actuarial valuation on July 1, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2016. The key assumptions used to perform the June 30, 2016 pension liability calculation for the System are as follows:

Actuarial Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market; 20% collar
Inflation (b)	2.70% general, 3.20% wage
Salary Increases	3.30% to 9.2%, including inflation
Discount Rate (a)	7.55%
Investment Rate of Return (b)	7.55%
Retirement age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2006-2010.
Mortality	RP-2014 Mortality Table

(a) Discount rate at prior measurement date was 7.65%.

- (b) There were no benefit changes during the year. Adjustments to the rollforward liabilities were made to reflect the following assumption changes in the 2016 valuation:
  - a. Investment return assumption remained the same at 7.55%.
  - b. Inflation assumption remained the same at 2.70%.

#### **NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN – continued**

The components of the net pension liability for the System as of June 30, 2016, calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, are shown in the following table:

Total pension liability	\$ 68,959,954,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	45,365,927,000
Net Pension Liability	\$ 23,594,027,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	
of the Total Pension Liability	 65.79%

#### Investments

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the longterm expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the Pension System's Board after considering input from the investment consultant(s) and actuary(s). For each major asset class that is included in the Pension System's target asset allocation, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocations	Rate of Return
Public Equity	35%	6.30%
Fixed income	10%	0.60%
Credit opportunity	10%	3.20%
Real return	14%	1.80%
Absolute return	10%	4.20%
Private equity	10%	7.20%
Real estate	10%	4.40%
Cash	1%	0.00%
Total	100%	

The above was the Pension System's Board of Trustee's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimate of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016.

#### **NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN – continued**

#### **Discount Rate**

A single discount rate of 7.55% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.55%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the System's net pension liability and the Town's proportionate share of the System's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.55%, a single discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (i.e., 6.55%), and a single discount rate that is 1-percentage point higher (i.e., 8.55%).

	1%	1% Lower - 6.55% Current Rate - 7.55%			1%	6 Higher - 8.55%
The System's Net						
Pension Liability	\$	32,048,443,000	\$	23,594,027,000	\$	16,259,113,000
The Town's Proportionate						
Share of the Net Pension						
Liability	\$	1,442,718	\$	1,062,127	\$	731,933

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the Town's reported a liability of \$1,062,127 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governmental units, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the Town's proportion was approximately 0.00450 percent.

# **NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN – continued**

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Town recognized pension expense of \$53,678. At June 30, 2017, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Changes of assumptions	\$ 42,993	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	167,157	70,585
Contributions made subsequent to the		
measurement date	80,263	
Total	\$ 290,413	\$ 70,585

The deferred outflow of resources of \$80,263 relating to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Town's net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are being amortized over a five-year period beginning in fiscal 2017. These unamortized amounts will be ratably recognized in pension expense over the next four years.

#### Net Pension Liability

The components of the Town's proportionate share of the Pension System's net pension liability as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Total pension liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 3,104,355 2,042,228
Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,062,127
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	 65.79%

#### NOTE 7 – DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

Prior to July 1, 2008, when the Town joined the Maryland State Retirement System, the Town provided retirement benefits for all of its full-time employees through a noncontributory defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Full time employees were eligible to participate on the first day of work. The Town annually contributed an amount equal to 6% of the employee's base salary. The Town's contribution for each employee (and interest allocated to employee's account) fully vested the employee after 5 years of continuous service. The Town contributions for employee and the interest allocated to employee's account are forfeited by the employee who leaves employment with the Town before 5 years of continuous service and the forfeited funds can be used to reduce the Town's current-period contribution requirement or for any other purpose.

When the Town joined the State pension system on July 1, 2008, it discontinued contributing to the ICMA-RC 401 plan. Therefore; there was no contribution for the year ended June 30, 2017.

#### NOTE 8 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

All employees of the Town government may participate in the deferred compensation plan organized under the Internal Revenue Code Section 457, and administered by Public Employees Benefit Services Corporation. Under the terms of the plan, participating employees may have a portion of their salaries withheld, subject to limitations imposed by the Internal Revenue Service, and invested in the plan.

As an incentive to enroll in the deferred compensation plan, the Town offered a match for those employees who contribute up to 3% of their base pay. When the Town joined the State pension system on July 1, 2008, it discontinued contributing to the 457 plan; therefore, there was no match. Management's involvement with the plan is limited to transferring amounts withheld from payroll. Management has little administrative involvement with the plan and does not perform the investing function for the plan. All taxes are deferred on those contributions and related earnings until the participant terminates the plan.

In compliance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457(g), all assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. Investments designated for compensation benefits are not reflected in the Town's financial statements. Accordingly, the fair value of the plan assets at June 30, 2017 is not reflected in the Town's financial statements.

#### NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the activity in the Town's long-term debt:

	cumulated Annual Leave	Total			
Balance at July 1, 2016 Additions Payments	\$ 38,648 (11,504) -	\$	38,648 (11,504) -		
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ 27,144	\$	27,144		
Amount due within 1 year	\$ -	\$	-		

## NOTE 10 – COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY OF MARYLAND V. WYNNE

In 2015, in *Comptroller of the Treasury of Maryland v. Wynne*, the Supreme Court invalidated a portion of Maryland's personal income tax scheme after determining that it inherently burdened the earnings of individuals who resided in one state but earned income in another.

In response, Maryland has enacted corrective legislation allowing a credit for Maryland residents against personal income tax for income taxed by other states. The Court had ruled that the failure of Maryland law to allow such a credit rendered Maryland's personal income tax scheme unconstitutional.

As of June 30 2017, the Comptroller's Office has not identified any returns in the Town that were amended as a result of the Wynne case. As taxpayers have three years to amend their returns, the Town could be impacted in future years.

#### NOTE 11 – CONCENTRATIONS

The Town derives most of its revenues from the citizens of the Town. The Town is located in Prince George's County, Maryland.

#### NOTE 12 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to workers; and natural disasters.

The Town has an insurance agreement with the Local Government Insurance Trust (LGIT), a public entity risk pool. LGIT provides the Town's property, general, automobile, employee, police and public officials' legal liability insurance coverage.

This is a total risk and cost sharing pool for all participants. In the event that the Trust's General Fund falls into a deficit that cannot be satisfied by transfers from the Trust's capital and surplus accounts, the Trustees shall determine a method to fund the deficit. The Trust agreement empowers the Trustees to assess an additional premium to each deficit-year participant. Debt issues could also be used to fund a deficit.

Premiums are charged to the Town's General Fund, with no provision made for claim liability in addition to premiums, unless an assessment is made by the Trust. There have been no assessments during the year ended June 30, 2017 and the amount of settlements has not exceeded coverage for each of the past three years.

#### NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **Grants**

The Town receives grants from time-to-time. Expenditures from certain grants are subject to audit by the grantor, and the Town is contingently liable to refund amounts received in excess of allowable expenditures. In the opinion of the Town's management, no material refunds will be required as a result of disallowed expenditures.

#### NOTE 14 – RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Pension Trust Fund is invested in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of net position available for benefits.

#### NOTE 15 - RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP BUDGET TO GAAP BUDGET

The financial statements and notes conform to GAAP. The budget is prepared on a basis not consistent with GAAP because the prior years' surplus is included in budgeted revenues and expenditures. The reconciliation between the non-GAAP budget and GAAP follows:

Budgeted excess of revenue over (under) expenditures - Non-GAAP basis	\$ 7,400
Plus: Transfer to reserve fund	16,400
Less: Prior years' surplus -revenues	 (16,400)
Budgeted excess of revenue over (under) expenditures - GAAP basis	\$ 7,400

# NOTE 16 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Town offers no other post-employment benefits as defined by the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post Employment Benefit Plans Other Than Pensions" (GASB 45).

#### NOTE 17 – FUND BALANCE REPORTING

Fund balances for the Town's governmental funds consisted of the following as of June 30, 2017:

#### Non-Spendable Fund Balances

At June 30, 2017, \$8,064 is non-spendable in the general fund and pertains to prepaid expenses.

#### **Restricted Fund Balances**

At June 30, 2017, \$90,669 is restricted in the public safety reserve fund.

#### NOTE 17 – FUND BALANCE REPORTING - continued

#### **Committed Fund Balances**

The committed fund balance in the General Fund is composed of \$442,000 for dedicatedoperating reserve, \$976,702 for dedicated-infrastructure improvement reserve, \$114,553 for dedicated-cable TV-capital outlay, \$8,493 dedicated-NW/EP-trailer reserve, \$10,000 for dedicated-recycling disposal fee, \$252,477 dedicated-vehicle equipment replacement reserve, and \$531,300 for dedicated-greenbelt station impact fee reserve.

All fund balances in the Public Safety Taxing District are committed for public safety expenditures. At June 30, 2017, this amount was \$36,619.

#### **Unassigned Fund Balances**

All remaining general fund balances are unassigned. At June 30, 2017, this amount was \$645,307.

#### NOTE 18– NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The GASB has issued the following statements:

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, issued June 2015, effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*, issued March 2016, effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016.

Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, issued November 2016, effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018.

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, issued January 2017, effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018.

Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*, issued March 2017, effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues*, issued May 2017, effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Statement No. 87, *Leases*, issued June 2017, effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019.

The Town will implement these statements as necessary as of their effective dates. While the Town is still in the process of determining the effect of implementing these GASB statements, they are not expected to have a material effect on the financial position of the Town.

### Town of Berwyn Heights, MD SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED PENSION-RELATED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Town's proportion (%) of collective net pension liability	0.00402%	0.00453%	0.00450%
Town's proportionate share (\$) of collective net pension liability	\$ 713,567	\$ 940,799	\$ 1,062,127
Town's covered payroll(\$)	\$ 1,010,950	\$ 1,028,082	\$ 998,586
Town's proportionate share of collective net pension liability as a percentage			
of its covered payroll	75.58%	91.51%	106.36%
Pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.87%	68.78%	65.79%

# SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2017		2016	2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 80,263	\$	88,420	\$	95,418
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	80,263		88,420		95,418
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-		-		
Town's covered payroll	998,586	1,	028,082	1,	010,950
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.0%		8.6%		9.4%

The above schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement for specific information for 10 years; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is only presented for those years for which information is available.

# TOWN OF BERWYN HEIGHTS, MARYLAND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - UNAUDITED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	General Fund							
	Orig	ginal Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues								
Income taxes	\$	430,000	\$	430,000	\$	374,482	\$	(55,518)
Property taxes		1,775,061		1,775,061		1,734,644		(40,417)
Other taxes		72,170		72,170		72,170		-
Fines, licenses and permits		235,300		235,300		206,392		(28,908)
Interest and investment earnings		18,000		18,000		14,593		(3,407)
Charges for services		2,700		2,700		1,051		(1,649)
Operating grants and contributions		190,078		190,078		322,047		131,969
Other revenues		281,050		281,050		278,935		(2,115)
Prior years' surplus		16,400		16,400		-		(16,400)
Total Revenues	\$	3,020,759	\$	3,020,759	\$	3,004,314	\$	(16,445)
Expenditures								
General government	\$	424,872	\$	424,872	\$	407,038	\$	17,834
Public safety		706,676		706,676		652,052		54,624
Code enforcement		117,155		117,155		109,091		8,064
Public works		696,910		696,910		652,510		44,400
Recreation		28,500		28,500		19,337		9,163
Capital projects		65,320		65,320		73,685		(8,365)
Other		973,926		973,926		413,094		560,832
Total Expenditures	\$	3,013,359	\$	3,013,359	\$	2,326,807	\$	686,552

# TOWN OF BERWYN HEIGHTS, MARYLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-UNAUDITED PUBLIC SAFETY TAXING DISTRICT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

REVENUES	I	Budget	Actual		Fa	<sup>7</sup> ariable avorable favorable)
Taxes						
Real estate	\$	41,046	\$	24,529	\$	(16,517)
Personal property	·	31,944	·	67,285	•	35,341
Total Taxes		72,990		91,814		18,824
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	72,990	\$	91,814	\$	18,824
EXPENDITURES						
Public Safety						
Salaries		58,700		53,391		5,309
Overtime		2,000		3,168		(1,168)
Shift differential		500		-		500
FICA		4,500		4,139		361
Training		600		-		600
Gas and oil		4,800		3,574		1,226
Communications		1,000		1,216		(216)
Capital outlay >\$500		900		-		900
Ammunition		600		-		600
Uniforms		1,200	_	3,412	_	(2,212)
<b>Total Public Safety</b>		74,800		68,900		5,900
Miscellaneous						
Pension plan contribution		4,900		5,220		(320)
Total Miscellaneous		4,900		5,220		(320)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	79,700	\$	74,120	\$	5,580

			Variable Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES			
Taxes			
Real estate	\$ 1,407,605	\$ 1,386,042	\$ (21,563)
Personal property	265,000	235,345	(29,655)
Real estate- road fund	84,456	89,794	5,338
Personal property- road fund	15,000	13,658	(1,342)
Personal property- road fund PY	-	565	565
Penalties and interest	3,000	9,240	6,240
Income taxes	430,000	374,482	(55,518)
Recycling tax	72,170	72,170	
Total Taxes	2,277,231	2,181,296	(95,935)
Licenses and Permits			
Business licenses	19,500	17,685	(1,815)
Traders licenses	2,600	2,561	(39)
Building permits	8,000	18,171	10,171
Cable TV franchise fee	47,000	48,700	1,700
Rental licenses	57,000	52,220	(4,780)
Dumpster permits	500	1,298	798
Other permits	700	568	(132)
<b>Total Licenses and Permits</b>	135,300	141,203	5,903
Intergovernmental			
Police regular aid	51,430	53,497	2,067
Disposal fee rebate	8,232	10,290	2,058
Highway user revenue	110,216	110,875	659
Other grants	20,200	147,385	127,185
<b>Total Intergovernmental</b>	190,078	322,047	131,969

	 Budget	 Actual	Fa	Variable avorable favorable)
Service Charges				
Pedestrian bridge reimbursement	\$ 2,700	\$ 1,045		(1,655)
Van fares	-	6		6
<b>Total Service Charges</b>	 2,700	 1,051		(1,649)
Fines and Forfeitures				
Police department	50,000	58,328		8,328
Speed camera	30,000	-		(30,000)
Code enforcement	20,000	6,861		(13,139)
<b>Total Fines and Forfeitures</b>	 100,000	 65,189		(34,811)
Miscellaneous				
Interest	18,000	14,593		(3,407)
Rents	5,200	5,895		695
Recycling	1,000	1,408		408
Sale of bags and copying	250	768		518
National Night Out donation	-	50		50
Other	2,700	22,127		19,427
Miscellaneous police	3,000	3,603		603
Advertising bulletin	3,500	8,576		5,076
Cable TV grant	30,400	9,379		(21,021)
Insurance recovery	-	4,357		4,357
Verizon PEG grant	-	21,031		21,031
Sale of assets	5,000	1,341		(3,659)
Greenbelt station metroland impact fees	230,000	200,400		(29,600)
Surplus	 16,400	 -		(16,400)
Total Miscellaneous	 315,450	 293,528		(21,922)
Total Revenues	\$ 3,020,759	\$ 3,004,314	\$	(16,445)

	_				Fa	ariable vorable
EVDENINTTIDEC	ł	Budget		Actual	(Uni	favorable)
EXPENDITURES General Government						
Mayor and Council	\$	7 500	\$	0 566	\$	(2.066)
Conventions & training Education	φ	7,500	φ	9,566	φ	(2,066)
Public relations		4,500 1,000		- 554		4,500 446
Stipends		1,000		334 14,750		250
Miscellaneous				-		
		500		652		(152)
Communications		500		-		500
Total Mayor and Council		29,000		25,522		3,478
Administrative						
Salaries		246,000		237,583		8,417
FICA		19,000		19,415		(415)
Office supplies		4,700		4,798		(98)
Postage		1,600		1,400		200
Bulletin		23,000		23,192		(192)
Repairs and maintenance		1,000		-		1,000
Audit		12,500		18,689		(6,189)
Legal		6,000		6,325		(325)
Dues and conventions		5,000		5,148		(148)
Public relations		2,500		631		1,869
Training		2,000		2,471		(471)
Travel		1,000		1,282		(282)
Network/software support		2,000		1,057		943
Books and periodicals		500		882		(382)
Copier maintenance		4,500		5,083		(583)
Payroll processing fees		3,500		3,736		(236)
Communications		800		897		(97)
Capital outlay>\$500		8,000		1,029		6,971
Town council dues		5,222		4,554		668
Gas and oil		1,000		607		393
Miscellaneous		3,500		5,247		(1,747)
Law book subscription		2,300		-		2,300
Total Administration		355,622		344,026		11,596

					ariable vorable
	E	Budget	A	Actual	avorable)
Municipal Building					 /
Repairs and maintenance	\$	5,500	\$	4,192	\$ 1,308
Electricity		4,500		3,270	1,230
Water		500		409	91
Gas		1,100		893	207
Custodial supplies		100		243	(143)
Improvement to grounds		-		273	(273)
Telephone		2,000		2,559	(559)
Hospitality		1,500		395	1,105
Miscellaneous		_		248	(248)
Total Municipal Building		15,200		12,482	 2,718
Town Center					
Repairs and maintenance		11,000		13,320	(2,320)
Electricity		7,250		5,511	1,739
Water		1,000		1,160	(160)
Gas		4,100		2,919	1,181
Custodial supplies		200		280	(80)
Telephone		1,100		1,137	(37)
Miscellaneous		400		681	(281)
Total Town Center		25,050		25,008	 42
otal General Government		424,872		407,038	 17,834

	Budget	Actual	Variable Favorable (Unfavorable)
Public Safety			
Police			
Salaries	\$ 456,200	\$ 426,183	\$ 30,017
Salaries - overtime	25,000	18,361	6,639
Salaries - shift differential	10,800	7,704	3,096
FICA	35,300	36,710	(1,410)
Supplies	6,500	7,208	(708)
Postage	1,300	1,364	(64)
Locality Pay	7,200	4,708	2,492
Vehicle maintenance and repairs	15,000	14,677	323
Other repairs and maintenance	3,000	3,344	(344)
Public relations	2,000	1,837	163
Dues and conventions	4,000	2,855	1,145
Training	4,000	1,660	2,340
Travel	-	1,500	(1,500)
Network/software support	2,000	1,052	948
Miscellaneous	3,000	2,886	114
Books and periodicals	600	1,342	(742)
Electricity	4,000	3,968	32
Gas and oil	22,000	20,583	1,417
Communications	13,000	11,509	1,491
Telephone	1,700	3,156	(1,456)
Capital outlay >\$500	15,000	18,174	(3,174)
Police station rent	22,876	20,935	1,941
Ammunition	2,400	2,398	2
Uniforms	11,500	10,550	950
Copier rental and maintenance	1,800	4,210	(2,410)
National night out	3,500	3,234	266
Secret service reimbursement	-	(913)	913
Speed camera administration	20,000	9,394	10,606
Total Police	693,676	640,589	53,087
Other Public Safety			
Emergency preparedness	3,000	1,463	1,537
Berwyn Heights VFD donation	10,000	10,000	·
Total Other Public Safety	13,000	11,463	1,537
Total Public Safety	706,676	652,052	54,624

	Budget			Actual		ariable vorable favorable)
Code Enforcement and Van Program						
Code Enforcement	<b>.</b>		<b>.</b>	<b>T</b> O <b>O C</b> O	¢	1.10
Salaries	\$	58,400	\$	58,260	\$	140
Clerk-part-time		33,000		28,657		4,343
FICA		7,000		5,917		1,083
Supplies		1,000		892		108
Postage		2,300		1,435		865
Repairs and maintenance		1,500		1,014		486
Dues and conventions		735		-		735
Public relations		400		50		350
Training and seminars		1,100		25		1,075
Travel		50		-		50
Miscellaneous		-		81		(81)
Network/software support		5,000		6,106		(1,106)
Books and periodicals		420		-		420
Gas and oil		1,200		1,109		91
Communications		1,700		2,573		(873)
Telephone		700		1,304		(604)
Capital outlay > \$500		1,000		-		1,000
Uniforms		450		757		(307)
Total Code Enforcement		115,955		108,180		7,775
Van Program						
Repairs and maintenance		1,000		911		89
Gas		200		-		200
Total Van Program		1,200		911		289
Total Code and Van Program		117,155		109,091		8,064
Public Works						
Building						
Supplies		3,000		2,234		766
Repairs and maintenance		4,700		1,639		3,061
Software support		1,000		814		186
Electricity		5,500		3,171		2,329
Water		450		836		(386)
Gas		3,000		1,724		1,276
Communications		3,000		1,707		1,293
Telephone		1,100		2,293		(1,193)
Capital outlay - building		2,000		4,212		(2,212)
Equipment		2,500		80		2,420
Tools		3,000		358		2,642
Total Building		29,250		19,068		10,182

	Budget	Budget Actual	
Public Works			
Sanitation and Streets			
Salaries	\$ 285,000	\$ 267,171	\$ 17,829
Salaries - overtime	15,000	9,417	5,583
Salaries - part time	33,000	19,616	13,384
Employee recognition incentives	800	352	448
FICA	25,000	23,179	1,821
Supplies	4,750	6,621	(1,871)
Postage	100	60	40
Temp service	4,000	30,977	(26,977)
Vehicle repairs and maintenance	47,000	67,420	(20,420)
Dues and conventions	1,000	1,432	(432)
Books and periodicals	500	299	201
Training	2,000	-	2,000
Travel	100	525	(425)
Miscellaneous	700	2,080	(1,380)
Gas and oil	40,000	17,864	22,136
Capital outlay > \$500	1,000	1,445	(445)
Uniforms	10,000	9,311	689
Equipment rental	8,000	1,650	6,350
Disposal	74,000	85,101	(11,101)
Leaf collection	8,000	4,923	3,077
Mosquito control	1,200	777	423
Snow and ice removal	7,000	8,310	(1,310)
Street materials	7,500	2,447	5,053
Street repairs	20,000	15,703	4,297
Street signs	12,000	2,824	9,176
Storm drain construction	2,000	-	2,000
Pedestrian bridge repairs	2,500	1,122	1,378
Tree service	9,000	8,500	500
Recreation council events	1,800	1,321	479
Recycling supplies	5,500	70	5,430
Total Sanitation and Streets	628,450	590,517	37,933

		Variable Favorable	
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Street Lighting	U		
Lighting	\$ 39,000	\$ 42,792	\$ (3,792)
School flasher	210	133	77
Total Street Lighting	39,210	42,925	(3,715)
Total Public Works	696,910	652,510	44,400
Recreation			
Pop's Park supplies	3,000	1,206	1,794
Postage	-	50	(50)
Pop's Park maintenance	1,550	614	936
Volunteer appreciation dinner	1,000	1,914	(914)
Miscellaneous	700	10	690
Equipment	2,750	-	2,750
BH historical committee	2,000	2,175	(175)
Special events	10,000	9,735	265
Playground supplies	250	-	250
Playground utilities	450	214	236
Sports park-repairs and maintenance	3,800	3,419	381
Pontiac Field maintenance	3,000		3,000
<b>Total Recreation</b>	28,500	19,337	9,163

	г	Budget		Actual	Fa	/ariable avorable favorable)
Cable TV		buuget		Actual	(011	lavolable)
Repairs and maintenance	\$	2,000	\$	420	\$	1,580
I-Net participation fee	Ŧ	4,390	Ŧ	3,213	+	1,177
Miscellaneous		450		724		(274)
Capital outlay-equip>\$500		8,000		6,609		1,391
Total Cable TV		14,840		10,966		3,874
Miscellaneous						
Unemployment insurance		2,300		6,484		(4,184)
Custodial services		12,000		11,199		801
General insurance		31,000		28,907		2,093
Workers compensation		73,000		61,264		11,736
Public officials' bond		1,100		900		200
Employee recognition award		1,800		1,742		58
Strategic planning workshop		3,000		3,498		(498)
Miscellaneous benefits		5,254		3,232		2,022
Employee merit increases		31,000		36,638		(5,638)
Vision/dental/life insurance		14,100		14,974		(874
MD State Pension admin fee		3,900		3,978		(78
Health insurance		116,000		118,531		(2,531
Cities street sweeper-program		19,000		13,075		5,925
Tuition reimbursement		1,000		-		1,000
Economic development study		30,000		-		30,000
Network/software support		16,000		15,500		500
Credit card equipment and fees		750		621		129
Animal study		-		8,000		(8,000
Pension contribution		95,000		75,043		19,957
HRA reimbursement fund		-		(2,973)		2,973
Website services		1,500		1,515		(15)
Transfers to reserves		501,382		-		501,382
<b>Total Miscellaneous</b>		959,086		402,128		556,958
Capital Projects						
HVAC system		15,640		15,640		-
Police equipment		-		7,736		(7,736)
Telephone system		18,980		17,503		1,477
Administration vehicle		29,200		-		29,200
Buildings and grounds improvements		-		31,280		(31,280)
Town Hall security		500		-		500
Museum improvements		1,000		1,526		(526
<b>Total Capital Projects</b>		65,320		73,685		(8,365)
tal Expenditures	\$ 3	,013,359	\$	2,326,807	\$	686,552

# Lindsey + Associates

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October 26, 2017

# Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Council Town of Berwyn Heights, Maryland

We audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Berwyn Heights, Maryland (the "Town") for the year ended June 30, 2017, and have issued our report thereon dated October 26, 2017. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

# Our Responsibility under U. S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated November 22, 2017 our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U. S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the Town. Such consideration was solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed test of the Town's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. However, the objective of our test was not to provide an opinion on compliance with such provisions.

#### Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our meeting about planning matters.

#### Significant Audit Findings

#### Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the Town are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended June 30, 2017 except as may be explained in Note 1 to the financial statements. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

#### Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

There were no difficulties encountered during the audit.

#### Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. We proposed adjustments to receivables, payables, and real estate tax revenue. Management has corrected all such misstatements.

#### Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

#### Management Representations

We have requested certain representation from management that is included in the management representation letter dated October 26, 2017.

#### Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

#### Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationships and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

We have also provided the Town's management with a letter dated October 26, 2017 pertaining to our audit findings and recommendations.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Mayor and Members of Town Council and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Tinday & associates, LAC

# **Lindsey** + Associates

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October 26, 2017

# Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Council Town of Berwyn Heights, Maryland

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Town of Berwyn Heights, Maryland (the "Town") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore there can be no assurance that all such deficiencies have been identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the following deficiencies in the Town's internal control to be material weaknesses:

#### **Preparation of Financial Statements**

In the current year as well as the prior year we noted no Town employee or officer has the technical background to prepare the financial statements, including the related notes to the financial statements, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. As part of the audit, the Town's management has requested us to prepare a draft of the Town's financial statements, including related notes to the financial statements. The Town Manager performed a review of the financial statements. However, in order to provide improved oversight of the financial statement preparation services at an appropriate level and implement controls over the financial reporting process, we recommend the Town obtain and use one or both of the following publications in subsequent years when reviewing the financial statements: *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting Using the GASB 34 Model* available from the Government Finance Officers Association at www.gfoa.org or *Preparing Governmental Financial Statements Under GASBS No. 34* available from Thomson Tax & Accounting at www.ppc.thomson.com.

#### **Review Bank Reconciliations**

Timely preparation of complete and accurate bank reconciliations is a key to ensuring that cash receipts and disbursements are properly recorded. During much of the year, the operating bank account reconciliations appeared to be generally incomplete. Specifically, they contained unreconciled differences. An unreconciled difference that appears immaterial can obscure significant but offsetting items (such as bank errors or improperly recorded transactions) that would be a cause for investigation if items were apparent. We recommend that bank reconciliations be reviewed for accuracy and completeness on a timely basis by the manager of accounting. The review should include tests of mechanical accuracy and tracing of items on the reconciliation to the relevant source documents. The composition of unreconciled differences should be determined and followed up on, and any journal entries deemed necessary as a result be recorded. If necessary, the accounting clerk who prepares the reconciliations should be given additional training and instruction on how to prepare them accurately and completely.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Mayor, Town Council, management and others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Tinday : associates, LAC